

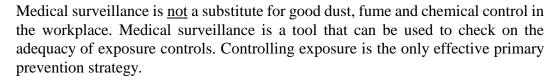
Recommended Medical Screening Protocol For Workers Exposed to Welding Fumes

Background

There are no legal requirements to perform medical surveillance on individuals exposed to welding fumes. The Michigan Occupational Safety and Health Administration's (MIOSHA) Respiratory Protection Standard 1910.34 (e) (1) states that the employer shall provide a medical evaluation to determine the employee's ability to use a respirator, before the employee is fit tested or required to use the respirator in the workplace.

An annual medical examination for individuals who are potentially exposed to welding fumes is good medical practice. Substances identified to be harmful in welding fumes are shown in Table I. It has been well documented that the longer an individual remains exposed to a substance causing respiratory problems the more likely that he/she will have persistent breathing problems even after exposure has ended (Table II). The purpose then of an annual medical screening is to identify symptomatic individuals and those with early chronic obstructive pulmonary disease and remove them from exposure so as to reduce the likelihood of causing a chronic disability.

Excluding individuals with an allergic disposition (family or personal history) or cigarette smokers from working around welding fumes does not reduce future work-related lung disease. The amount of fumes that an individual breathes is the best predictor of who will become symptomatic.





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Protocol

The most important part of the medical exam is the questionnaire and review of the responses by medical personnel familiar with the symptoms of work-related lung disease.

1) Questionnaire - A standardized questionnaire should be administered.

A questionnaire should be administered during a pre-placement physical to obtain a baseline and on an annual basis. Since the symptoms from work-related lung disease can be intermittent particularly when they first begin, the person may have a completely normal physical examination and breathing test on an annual exam and still be having breathing problems from work exposures. Key questions that should be included in a pre-placement and annual examination are shown in Tables III and IV, respectively.

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Generally a breathing test (spirometry) is recommended on a periodic basis.

2) Spirometry is done as a baseline and annually. All pulmonary function testing should use equipment and follow the protocol of the American Thoracic Society http://www.thoracic.org/statements/resources/pfet/PFT2.pdf. The technician administering the test should have completed an accredited training course such as one approved by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health.

It is important not only to evaluate the latest spirometry as to whether it is normal or abnormal, but also to observe excessive loss between successive years. On the average people lose up 25-35 ml/year as they grow older. Annual testing and identification of individuals with loss greater than 25-35 ml/year in the FEV₁ allows early intervention to prevent an individual from developing a lung disability, even in the absence of symptoms of asthma. The American College of Occupational and Environmental Medicine has an evidence based statement on evaluating pulmonary function tests over time http://www.acoem.org/uploadedFiles/Public Affairs/Policies And Position Statements/ACOEM%20Spirometry%20Statement.pdf.

Individuals Identified on the Periodic Questionnaire to be Symptomatic or to Have Excessive Loss on Their Breathing Test Results

Individuals who are suspected to have a work-related lung problem should have the diagnosis confirmed by pre and post shift or mid shift pulmonary function testing (depending on when the individual becomes symptomatic) or measurement of peak flow every two hours over a two-week period with a portable peak flow meter. Sufficient time off work (two weeks or more) may be necessary to allow recovery and documentation by peak flow measurements.

Individuals with confirmed work-related lung disease should, whenever possible, be given the option of transfer to areas of non-exposure. In order for this transfer option to be a realistic alternative, the individual should be able to maintain his/her pay rate at the new job.

All individuals should be strongly advised to stop smoking, and if resources are available, to provide assistance to help employees quit smoking.

For more information or questions contact: **Kenneth D. Rosenman, M.D.**(517) 353-1846

Table I. Harmful Substances Identified in Welding Fumes

ruchinica in Welding Lumes
Possibly Cause Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)
Ozone
Nitrogen Oxide
Particulates
Pulmonary Edema/Bronchiolitis Obliterans
Ozone
Nitrogen Oxide
Phosgene
Metal Fume Fever
Zinc Oxide from Galvanized Metal
Other Metal Oxides
Substances Causing Asthma - Allergens
Amino-Ethyl Ethanolamine –Aluminum Welding
Chromium – Stainless Steel
Cobalt
Nickle

Zinc

Table II.

Studies That Have Found a Worse Prognosis in Work-Related Asthma Patients Who Are Not Removed From Exposure

Marabini A, Dimich-Ward H, Kwan SYL, Kennedy SM, Waxler-Morrison N, and Chan-Yeung M. Clinical and Socioeconomic Features of Subjects With Red Cedar Asthma. Chest 1993; 104:821-824.

Pisati G, Baruffini A, and Zedda S. Toluene Diisocyanate Induced Asthma: Outcome According to Persistence or Cessation of Exposure. British Journal of Industrial Medicine 1993; 50:60-64.

Gannon PFG, Weir DC, Robertson AS, and Burge PS. Health, Employment, and Financial Outcomes in Workers With Occupational Asthma. British Journal of Industrial Medicine 1993; 50:491-496.

Paggiaro PL, Vagaggini B, Bacci E, Bancalari L, Carrara M, Di Franco A, Giannini D, Dente FL, and Giuntini C. Prognosis of Occupational Asthma. European Respiratory Journal 1994; 7:761-767.

Besides the individual references listed above, removal from exposure is recommended in the following consensus statements:

- 1. Guidelines for the Diagnosis and Management of Asthma. National Heart, Lung and Blood Institute National Asthma Education Program Expert Panel Report. J. Allergy and Clinical Immunology 1991; 88:425-534.
- 2. Workshop on Environmental and Occupational Asthma. Chest 1990; 98:145S-252S.
- 3. AD HOC Committee on Occupational Asthma of the Standards Committee, Canadian Thoracic Society. Occupational Asthma: Recommendations in Diagnosis, Management and Assessment of Impairments. J. Canadian Medical Association 1989; 140:1029-1032.
- 4. Chan-Yeung M. ACCP Consensus Statement Assessment of Asthma in the Workplace. Chest 1995; 108:1084-1117.
- 5. ATS AD HOC Committee on Impairment/Disability Evaluation in Subjects With Asthma. Guidelines for the Evaluation of Impairment/Disability in Patients With Asthma. Am. Rev. Resp. Dis. 1993; 147:1056-1061.

All published individual authors and consensus statements recommend removal from exposure where the patient is diagnosed as having become sensitized to a work exposure.

Table III. Questions to be Included in the Initial Preplacement Medical Exam for Workers Exposed to Welding Fumes

1.	Have you ever seen a doctor regarding:									
	a. Shortness of breath?b. If YES, what year?						No		Unknown	
	c. Sinus problems?d. If YES, what year?						No		Unknown	
	e. Skin rash? f. If YES, what year	r?				1e. 1f.	No		Unknown	
2.	Have you ever had a	ou ever had asthma?						Yes	Unknown	
	If YES, a. What year? b. Was your asthma c. At what age did y d. If you no longer h	our asthm	2a. 2b. 2c. 2d.	No ag	Yes ye started ge stopped	Unknown				
3.	Do you currently req a. IF YES, what typ				3.	No	Yes	Unknown		
4.	Have you ever had:									
	a. Allergies?b. If YES, what year?							Yes year	Unknown	
	c. Hayfever?d. If YES, what year?							Yes year	Unknown	
	e. Eczema (skin rasi f. If YES, what year		4e. 4f.		Yes year	Unknown				
5.	Do any of your blood relatives (father, mother, brothers, sisters) 5. No Yes Unknown have allergies, hay fever, asthma or eczema (skin rash)?									
	Circle all that apply:									
		Father	Mother	Brother(s)	Sister(s	(3)				
	Allergies	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	,				
	Hayfever	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes					
	Asthma	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes					
	Eczema (skin rash)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes					
6.	Do or did you ever smoke cigarettes? If YES,						No	Yes	Unknown	
	a. How many packs per day?						6a packs per day			
	b. If you quit smoking, how old were you?					6b.			y king cigarettes	
	c. Do you carry cigarettes into the workplace?						as	Yes		

7. Circle how often any of the following symptoms bother you at work:

Circle the country of the form of the country of th										
Circle the number that corresponds to how often you are bothered by each symptom AT WORK.										
						Month &				
	NEVER	SELDOM	MONTHLY	WEEKLY	DAILY	Year Started	PLANT AREA			
NASAL STUFFINESS	1	2	3	4	5					
RUNNY NOSE	1	2	3	4	5					
TEARING, BURNING EYES	1	2	3	4	5					
EYE REDNESS	1	2	3	4	5					
FACE SWELLING	1	2	3	4	5					
HIVES	1	2	3	4	5					
SORE THROAT	1	2	3	4	5					
COUGH	1	2	3	4	5					
WHEEZING	1	2	3	4	5					
CHEST TIGHTNESS	1	2	3	4	5					
SHORTNESS OF BREATH	1	2	3	4	5					
FEVER, SWEATS	1	2	3	4	5					
CHILLS, SHIVERING	1	2	3	4	5					
ACHE ALL OVER	1	2	3	4	5					
UNUSUAL TIREDNESS	1	2	3	4	5					

	UNUSUAL TIREDINESS	1		3		4	5	
8.	Have you ever had emphys Disease (COPD)?	sema/Chroni	8.	No	Yes	Unknown		
	If YES, a. Was your emphysema/o that your doctor gave y b. At what age did your en	ou?	·	eathing test	8a. 8b.		Yes	Unknown
9.	Does your chest ever sound a. When you have a cold? b. Occasionally apart from c. Most days or nights? d. IF YES to a, b or c for	n colds?		been present?	9a. 9b. 9c. 9d.	No	Yes	Unknown Unknown Unknown
10	Have you ever had an attack short of breath?	ck of wheezi	ing that has m	ade you feel	10.	No	Yes	Unknown
	If YES, a. How old were you whe b. Have you had 2 or mor c. Have you required med d. Is there a chemical, sub causes these attacks?	e such episolicine or trea	odes? atment for the	se attacks?	10a. 10b. 10c. 10d.	No	Yes Yes	Unknown Unknown Unknown
11	IF YES, please described. Do you bring up phlegm of (4 out of 7 days) for a perior mucus with first smoke count phlegm or mucus from	r mucus mos od of 3 mon or on first g	st days of the ths straight? (oing out-of-d	week Count phlegm	11.	No	Yes	Unknown
	If YES, a. How many years have y	you brought	up phlegm or	mucus?	11a.	=	# of years	

Table IV. Questions to be Included in Periodic Medical Exam for Workers Exposed to Welding Fumes

1.	In the past year, have you seen	a doctor re	garding:						
	a. Shortness of breath?			1 6	No	Ves	Unknown		
	b. Sinus problems?			11	. No	Vec	Unknown		
	c. Skin rash?			10	No No	Yes	Unknown Unknown		
	c. Skiii iasii:			10	. 110	1 03	Chkhown		
2.	In the past year, have you had	l asthma?		2.	No	Yes	Unknown		
	If YES,								
	a. Was your asthma confirme	ed by a doct	or?	2a	. No	Yes	Unknown		
	•	•							
3.	Do you currently require med a. IF YES, what type of med				No	Yes	Unknown		
4.	Circle how often any of the formay cause or make symptoms		nptoms have b	oothered you at	your current	job. Note		which you suspect	
							Month &		
		NEVER	SELDOM	MONTHLY	WEEKLY	DAILY	Year Started	PLANT AREA	
	NASAL STUFFINESS	1	2	3	4	5			
	RUNNY NOSE	1	2	3	4	5			
	TEARING, BURNING EYES	1	2	3	4	5			
	EYE REDNESS	1	2	3	4	5			
	FACE SWELLING	1	2	3	4	5			
	HIVES	1	2	3	4	5			
	SORE THROAT	1	2	3	4	5			
	COUGH	1	2	3	4	5			
	WHEEZING	1	2	3	4	5			
	CHEST TIGHTNESS	1	2	3	4	5			
	SHORTNESS OF BREATH	1	2	3	4	5			
	FEVER, SWEATS	1	2	3	4	5			
	CHILLS, SHIVERING	1	2	3	4	5			
	ACHE ALL OVER	1	2	3	4	5			
	UNUSUAL TIREDNESS	1	2	3	4	5			
5.	In the past year, have you had has made you feel short of brown If YES,		f wheezing th	at 5.	No	Yes	Unknown		
	a. Have you had 2 or more s	uch episodes	s?	5a	No	Yes	Unknown		
	b. Have you required medici	o. No	Yes	Unknown					
	c. Is there a chemical, substance or job at work which you think 5c. No Yes Unknown causes these attacks?								
	IF YES, please describe: _								
6. During the past year, did you bring up phlegm or mucus most 6. No Yes Unknown days of the week (4 out of 7 days) for a period of 3 months straight? Count phlegm or mucus with first smoke or on first going out-of-doors. Do not count phlegm or mucus from your nose.									
7.	Do you smoke cigarettes?			7.	No	Yes	Unknown		
	If YES, How many packs of cigarettes	s do you sm	oke each day?	? 78	ı. <u></u> #	packs per d	lay		